Presentation 9.

ISOLATING GENDER VIOLENCE

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How to overcome gender violence

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION























- One of the most important explicit or implicit norms in schools concerns "witness-related" behaviour: either to be a passive bystander who, knowingly or unknowingly, colludes with and supports bullying-victim behaviour or to be an upstander who, directly or indirectly, says "no" to bullying-victim behaviour.
- Twemlow and its partners have been involved in a bullying prevention programme that focuses on promoting upstander behaviour.

(Fonagy, Twemlow, Vernberg, Sacco, y Little, 2005; Twemlow, Fonagy, Gies, Evans, y Ewbank, 2001).

Thapa, A., Cohen, J., Guffey, S., & Higgins-D'Alessandro, A. (2013). A review of school climate research. *Review of Educational Research*, 83(3), 357-385.

















Be an active Bystander





What can Bystanders do to make a difference?

- BELIEVE someone who tells you they have been sexually assaulted, are in an abusive relationship or are experiencing stalking or cyberstalking.
- Watch out for your friends and classmates. If you come across someone who looks like they are in trouble, check in with them and MAKE SURE THEY ARE OK. If you see a friend doing something sketchy, say something.
- SPEAK UP. If someone says something offensive, racist or abusive, LET THEM KNOW that this behavior is not acceptable. Don't laugh at racist, sexist or homophobic jokes.

















Be an active Bystander





No one has to do everything, but everyone has to do something.



BYSTANDER INTERVENTION TIPS

- Talk to your friends honestly and openly about sexual assault.
- Don't be a bystander if you see something, intervene in any way youcan.
- Trust your gut. If something looks like it might be a bad situation it probably is.
- Be direct. Ask someone who looks like they may need help if they're okay.
- Get someone to help you if you see something enlist a friend, RA, bartender, or host to help step in.
- Keep an eye on someone who has had too much to drink.
- If you see someone who is too intoxicated to consent, enlist their friends to help them leave safely.
- Recognize the potential danger of someone who talks about planning to target another person at a party.
- Be aware if someone is deliberately trying to intoxicate, isolate, or corner someone else.
- Get in the way by creating a distraction, drawing attention to the situation, or separating them.
- 11. Understand that if someone does not or cannot consent to sex, it's rape.
- 12. Never blame the victim.
- 13. If you are a victim or survivor, or helping someone in that situation go to www.notalone.gov to get the resources and information you need. You can also call the National Sexual Assault Hotline at 1-800-656 HOPE.



















Why are there doubts about whether to intervene?





















Key question

¿Por qué los que están en condiciones de apoyar a las víctimas no siempre lo hacen?



Better protection of whistle-blowers: new EU-wide rules to kick in in 2021

The EU is to guarantee a high level protection to whistle-blowers across a wide range of sectors including public procurement, financial services, money laundering, product and transport safety, nuclear safety, public health, consumer and data protection.

Today the Council formally adopted new rules on whistle-blowers protection. The new rules will require the creation of safe channels for reporting both within an organisation - private or public - and to public authorities. It will also provide a high level of protection to whistle-blowers against retaliation, and require national authorities to adequately inform citizens and train public officials on how to deal with whistle-blowing.





















Origin of the concept: Second Order of Sexual Harassment

















SOSH 2005-2008

 Research designed in 2003 is approved as official R&D.

Gender violence in Spanish universities. National R&D+i Plan. Secretary of State for Universities and Research. Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs, directed by Rosa Valls (2005-2008)











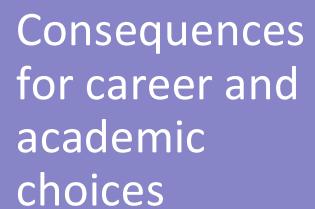








- Dropping out of school
- Dropping out of subjects
- Changes in the planned educational programme
- Leaving the university
- Change of tutor or teacher
- Leaving to pursue a career in male-dominated academic areas
- Leaving work (female teachers)
- Impact on the personal and professional lives of those supporting victims: Second Order of Sexual Harassment Victims.





















Second Order Sexual Harassment

"Sexism on campus creates Second Order Sexual Harassment victims, those who advise, support, and take a stand for the primary victims. These are the affirmative action officers, ombudspersons, counselors, associate deans, the people assigned, and generally committed, to assisting victims of sexual harassment"

Dziech, B., & Weiner, L. (1990). The lecherous professor: Sexual harassment on campus. Urbana: University of Illinois Press.













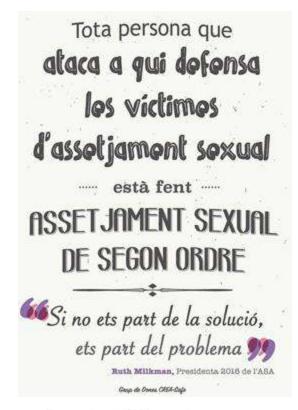




Second Order Sexual Harassment Conference

Barcelona, December 2016

Ruth Milkman, CUNY, First survivor at Berkeley: "If you are not part of the solution, you are part of the problem"























The first step is the **public recognition of this type of violence**, as well as a clear position of rejection.

"Those who insulted us felt supported"

Ruth Milkman (ASA President in 2016)

Hyou're not part of the solution, you're part of the problem

"The results were total isolation and loneliness"

"people who agree, but who turn away because they prefer not to identify with you"

"in spaces where silence prevails, harassment situations are more aggressive and sad"









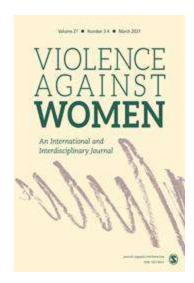








Second-Order Sexual Harassment: Violence Against the Silence Breakers Who Support the Victims



https://doi.org/10.117 7/1077801220975495



Research shows that stalkers commit SOSH primarily through humiliation, threats and lies aimed at tarnishing victims' personal and professional reputations and undermining their credibility.

"Retaliation is so cruel that, if we leave it to individual heroism alone, most people will continue to look the other way in individual cases and there will continue to be very few of us individuals who support the victims."





















Act 17/2020, of 22 December, amending Act 5/2008, on the right of women to eradicate sexist violence

202-00067/12

Adoption

Plenary Assembly of the Parliament of Catalonia, Sitting 68, 18.12.2020, DSPC-P 128

Publication: BOPC 766; DOGC 8303,24.12.2020

The Plenary Assembly of Parliament, in its session held on 17 and 18 December 2020, debated the Final Report of the Institutional Affairs Committee on the Members' bill amending Act 5/2008, of 24 April, on the right of women to eradicate sexist violence (202-00067/12), and the amendments reserved by the parliamentary groups.

Finally, in accordance with article 55.2 of the Statute of Autonomy and articles 123 and 124 of the Rules of Procedure of the Parliament, it has approved the following Act:

Act amending Act 5/2008, on the right of women to eradicate sexist violence

Preamble

Act 5/2008, of 24 April, on the right of women to eradicate sexist violence, was a pioneering act, the outcome of the engagement of feminist organisations and political parties and consensus-building. Even today it may still be considered the most groundbreaking act in the Spanish State with respect to sexist violence.

















Pioneer Legislation on SOSH

Act 17/2020, of 22 December, amending Act 5/2008, on the right of women to eradicate sexist violence

202-00067/12

Adoption

Plenary Assembly of the Parliament of Catalonia, Sitting 68, 18.12.2020, DSPC-P 128

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Amendment of the catalan Act 5/2008, of 24 April, on the right of women to eradicate sexist violence.

Article 5.4

g) **Second-order violence:** consists of **physical or psychological violence**, **reprisals**, **humiliation** and **persecution** exercised **against people who assist victims of sexist violence**. It includes acts that hamper the prevention, detection, support and recovery of women in situations of sexist violence.















Shrow

Open Access | Published: 26 March 2021

Pioneer Legislation on Second Order of Sexual Harassment: Sociolegal Innovation in Addressing Sexual Harassment

Ana Vidu ☑, Gema Tomás & Ramon Flecha

Sexuality Research and Social Policy (2021) | Cite this article

753 Accesses 44 Altmetric Metrics

Abstract https://doi.org/10.1007/s13178-021-00571-0

Backgroud

Countless efforts to combat sexual harassment have been proposed, and for the first time in history, the second order of sexual harassment (SOSH) has been legislated under the term second-order violence (SOV) by a unanimous vote of the Catalan Parliament. Advances in preventing and responding to sexual harassment contribute to highlighting the intervention as being crucial to supporting survivors against retaliation. A lack of support provides a general

Download PDF

Sections

Referen

Abstract

Introduction

Mapping the Field

Second-Order Harassment as a Legislative Innov...

Pioneering Spanish Case to Better Present SOSH

Methods

Scenarios in Which SOSH May Occur

Awareness of SOSH Reprisals for Victims and Th...

Role of Support Networks in Protecting Survivors

Concept of Second-Order Harassment Victims fr...

SOSH Novel Contribution

Discussion

Conclusions

















Change of the concept: Isolating Gender Violence















Attacks and reprisals against those who support victims of gender-based violence so that victims remain isolated





Isolating Gender Violence (IGV) is any kind of violence against those who advocate for gender violence victims. The objective of such violence is to isolate gender violence victims and discourage reporting or receiving support, in order to maintain the impunity of gender violence. The IGV concept is linked to what science and legislations establish as gender violence.

GÉNEROS –Multidisciplinary Journal of Gender Studies Vol. 10 No.2 June 2021 pp. 176-200

The Concept and the Name of Isolating Gender Violence

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Deusto University
Garazi López de Aguileta
University of Wisconsin-Madison

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https://doi.org/10.17583/generos.2021.8622















Why the name to replace the former secondorder sexual harassment?

1)Need for co-creation and scientific, political and social impact. The IGV concept is rapidly having all three impacts.

2) Need for a concept for all types of gender-based violence and not only sexual harassment

3) The importance of making the name and the concept explicit about what is happening: the isolation of victims of gender-based violence.















Isolating Gender Violence - IGV

It can happen in any environment

- Community
- University
- Political sphere
- Judicial sphere
- Press
- Family

You cannot fully combat the problem and help the victim if you do not also help the people who support and struggle with the victim.

















Isolating Gender Violence - IGV

• Example: Marc suffered IGV to support a family member who was sexually abused.

It should be emphasised that this is happening, especially in the immediate environment. In the context of family and friends, there are very obvious cases of this type of second-order bullying; in spaces where silence prevails about the most aggressive and saddest bullying situations.















Isolating Gender Violence - IGV

Social Organisations

Spanish NGO that saves lives suffer reprisals and defamation.

Spain

MADRID - BARCELONA - LATEST NEWS

MIGRANT CRISIS >

Italy detains Spanish ship for rescuing refugees in Mediterranean

Proactiva Open Arms boat confiscated for promoting "illegal immigration" after saving more than 200 migrants













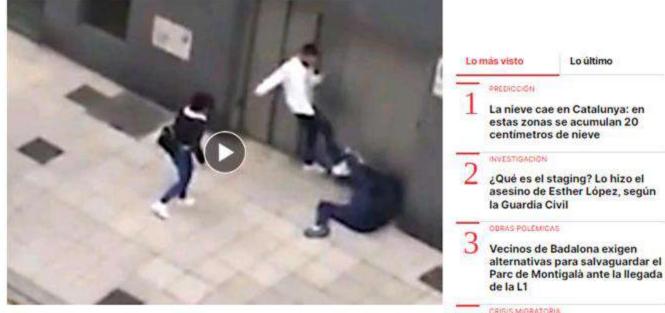


"Brutal beating for defending woman from abuser who beat her"

Asturias

Recibe una brutal paliza al defender a una mujer del maltratador que la golpeaba

El agresor trataba de impedir que el letrado avisase a la Policía y se escondió rápidamente en casa al escuchar una sirena

























Isolating Gender Violence at the University. 24th January 2022





















World MeToo University

You can access at the following link: https://www.elperiodico.com/es/cuaderno/metoo-university-spain-sh/index.html







































2021

20th December. Second Conference on Isolating Gender Violence

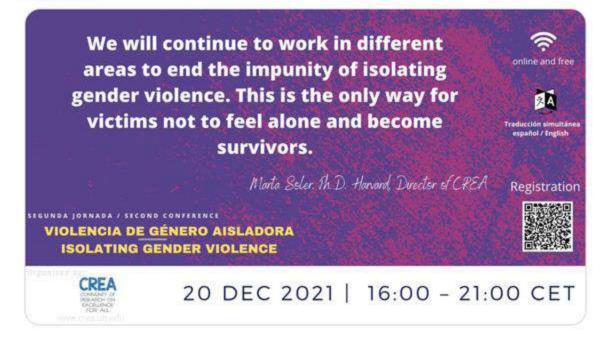




The 2° Conference in IGV concludes stating loud and clear that we are going to eradicate the impunity of isolating gender violence. Victims will never again be alone. #IsolatingGV #GBV @MartaSolerUB

...

Itzuli txioa



















Basque Country's Legislation on IGV

• Act 1/2022, of 3 March, as the second amendment of the Law for the Equality of Women and Men.

Article 50. General dispositions

• 4. It is also considered violence against women the violence perpetrated against the people who support the victims

















FIRST QUANTITATIVE DATA ON IGV

40% of those surveyed acknowledged that they had not acted for fear of reprisals.





Instructions for authors, subscriptions and further details:

http://rimcis.hipatiapress.com

Fear to Retaliation: The Most Frequent Reason for Not Helping Victims of Gender Violence

Patricia Melgar¹, Gemma Geis¹, Ramon Flecha², Marta Soler²

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- 2) University of Barcelona, Spain

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https://doi.org/10.17583/rimcis.2021.8305





















Comissões da Câmara realizam debate sobre o chamado assédio sexual de segunda ordem. O termo é objeto de estudo do professor Jose Ramón Flecha García, convidado para o debate. Envie perguntas e comentários sobre o tema aos participantes.

cd.leg.br/edemocracia_19... @secmulher





Encantado de haber sido convocado por la Comisión de Defensa de los Derechos de la Mujer del Parlamento de Brasil para hablar del acoso sexual de segundo orden.

erikakokay.com.br/artigo/ver/id/...

DF Diario Feminista @elDFeminista - 2021 eka. 13

Audiencia pública sobre acoso sexual de segundo orden en la Cámara de Diputados de Brasil buff.ly/3cDaeCE



Brazil becomes a world pioneer in its process to legislate the IGV

















Strategies for addressing and overcoming gender-based violence

- Intransigence in any situation of violence
- Bystander Intervention, i.e. support and solidarity with and for victims
- Overcoming IGV, protecting those who protect







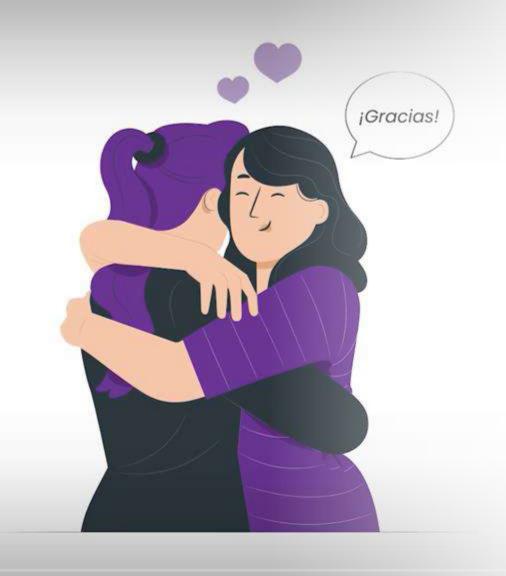








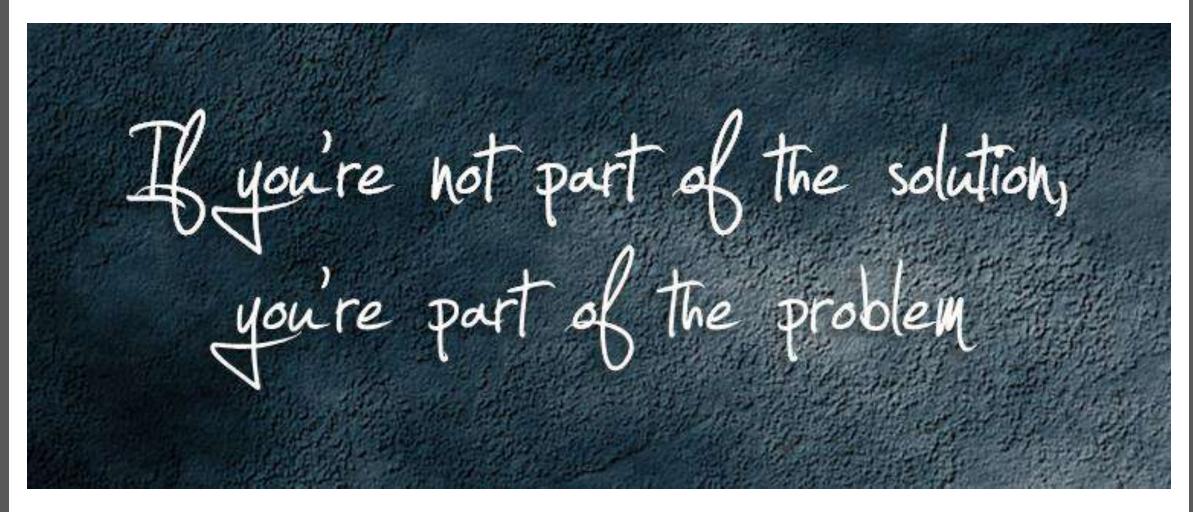




Redes de Solidaridad con Impacto en los Procesos de Recuperación de Mujeres Víctimas de Violencia de Género. I+D+i Research Project (2019 -2022)

https://redsolidaridadvdg.wixsite.com/solnet

Video (In Spanish)



Ruth Milkman (ASA President in 2016)

















Presentation 9.

ISOLATING GENDER VIOLENCE

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